

High-Concentration Wide-Angle Tracking Integration with Stacked Lens Arrays

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Why is CPV great?

- Low cost

↓ \$

- High efficiency

↑ η

Why is CPV great?

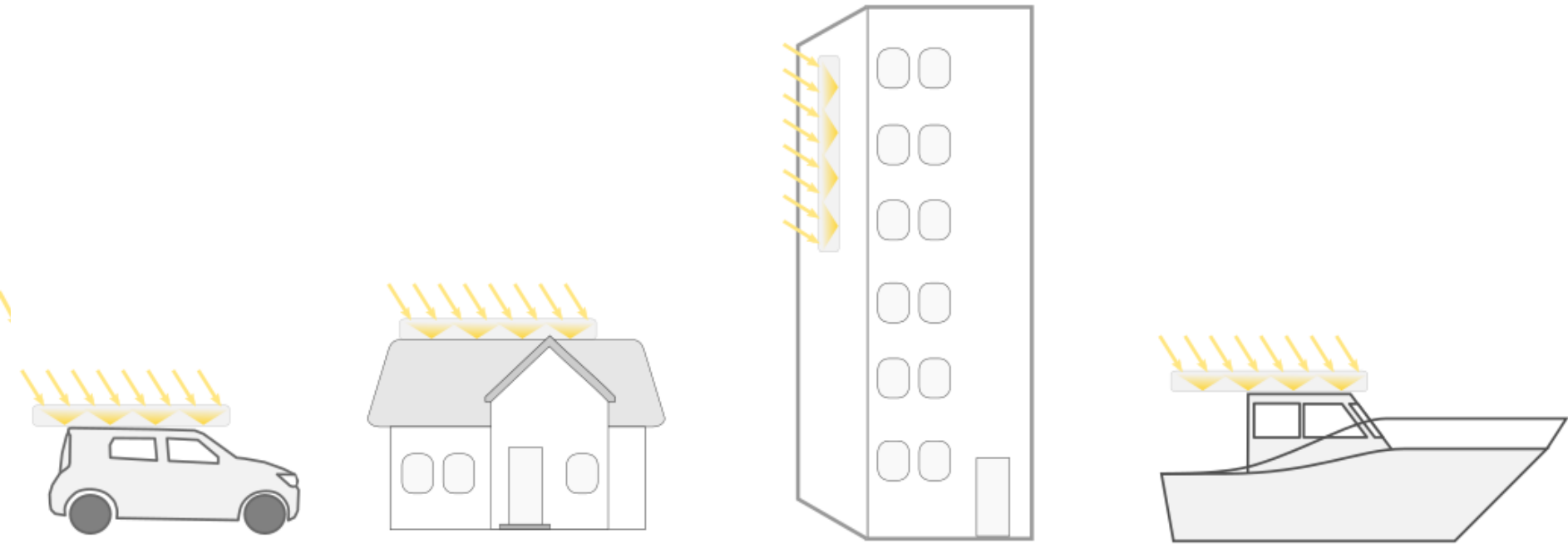
- Low cost?



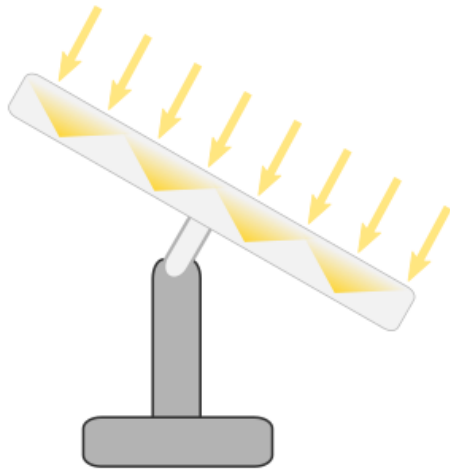
- High efficiency



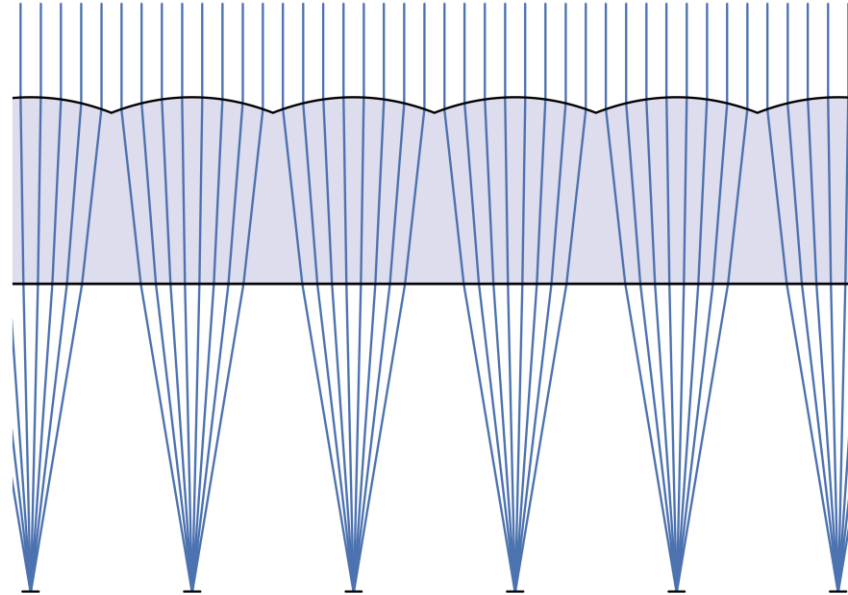
Where do we need high efficiency?



Tracking-integration

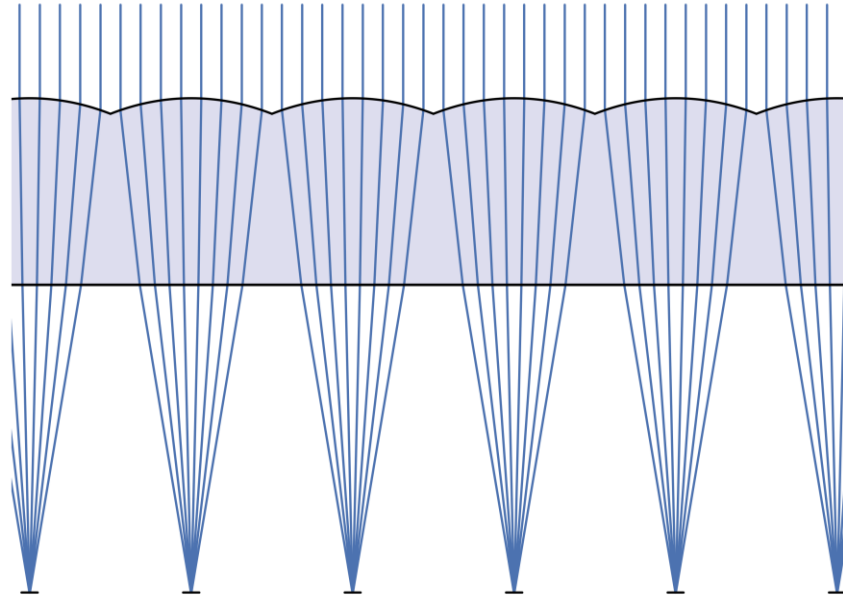


Microtracking



Microtracking

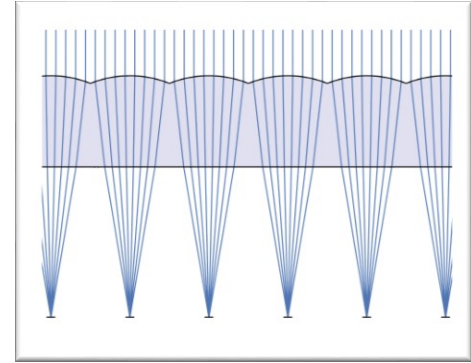
Kotsidas, P., Chatzi,
E. & Modi, V.
Stationary
nonimaging lenses
for solar
concentration.
Appl. Opt., AO 49,
5183–5191 (2010).



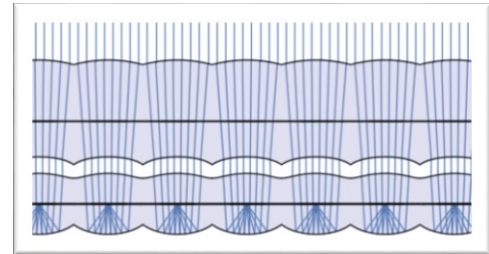
Hallas, J. M., Karp, J.
H., Tremblay, E. J. &
Ford, J. E. Lateral
translation micro-
tracking of planar
micro-optic solar
concentrator. in (eds.
Greene, L. E. &
Sherif, R. A.) 776904
(2010).

Outline

- Background
- Design method
- Results

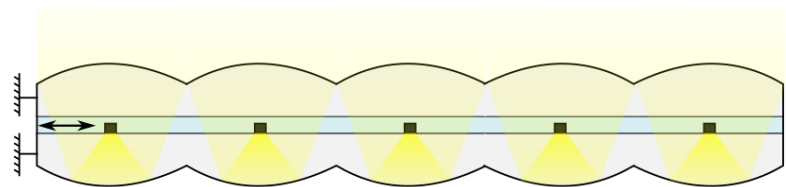
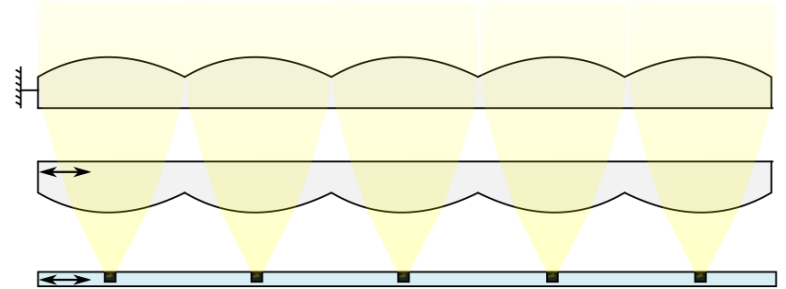


```
@jit_wrapper(numba.void(nb_dt_surface[:,nb_dt_ray]))
def trace_single_ray(surfaces,ray):
    (x,y,z) = ray["position"]
    (l,m,n) = ray["direction"]
    intensity = ray["intensity"]
    wavelength = ray["wavelength"]
    field_y = ray["field_y"]
    index = ray["n"]
    n_surface = surfaces.size
    for i in range(n_surface):
```

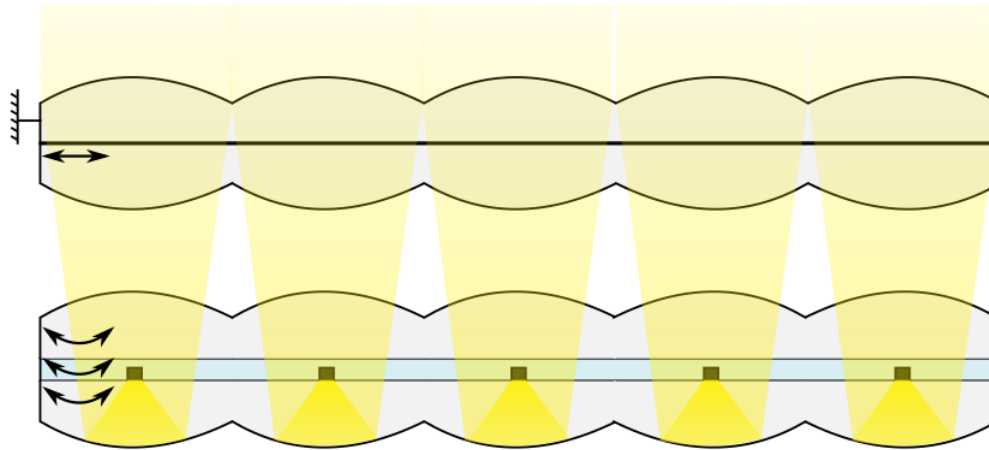


Improving the microtracking concept

- Add an additional movable lens array.
 - Duerr, F., Meuret, Y. & Thienpont, H. Tracking integration in concentrating photovoltaics using laterally moving optics. *Opt. Express*, **OE 19**, A207–A218 (2011)
- Implement a catadioptric optical stack
 - Price, J. S., Sheng, X., Meulblok, B. M., Rogers, J. A. & Giebink, N. C. Wide-angle planar microtracking for quasi-static microcell concentrating photovoltaics. *Nat Commun* **6**, 6223 (2015).

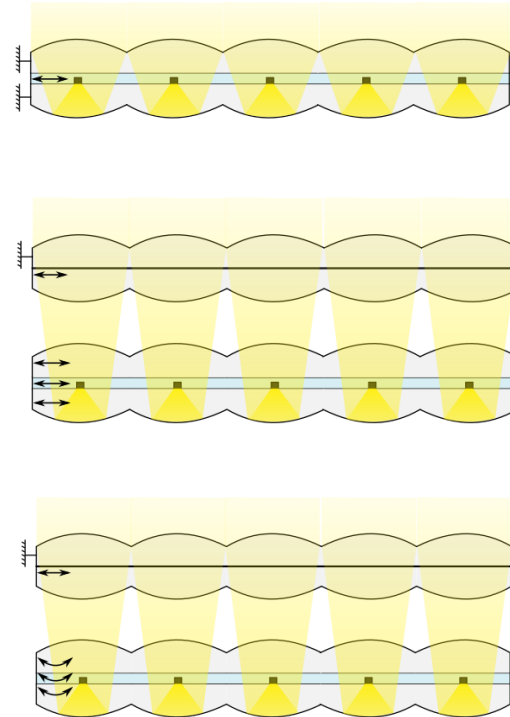


Stacking the designs together



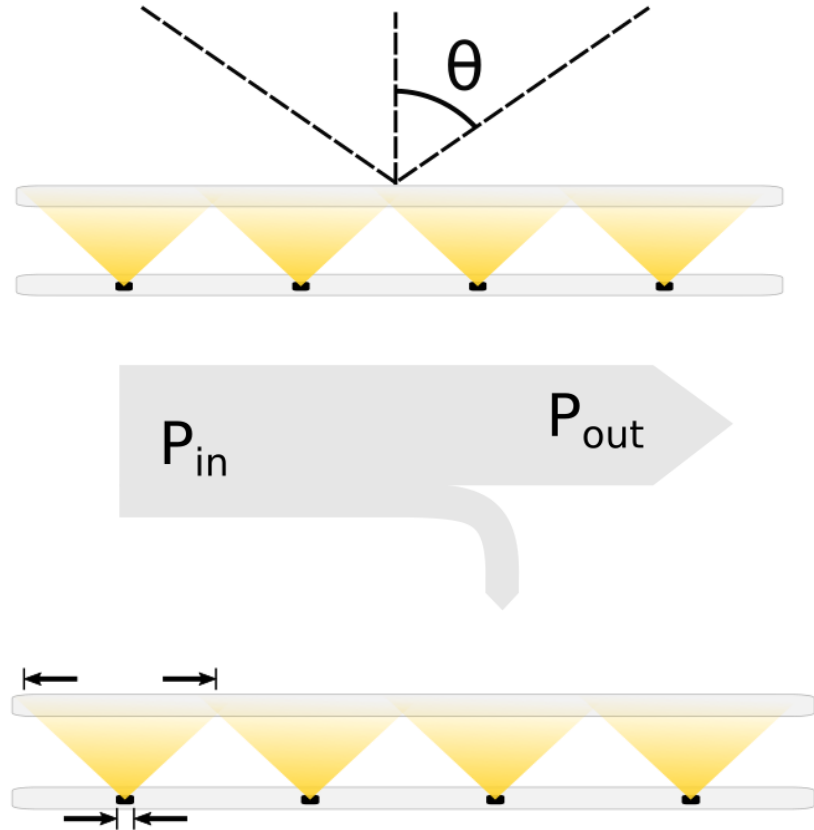
Configurations

- Simple catadioptric
- Flat tracking trajectory
- Curved tracking trajectory



Design goals

- Maximize tracking range
- Maximize efficiency
- Maximize concentration



Optimization

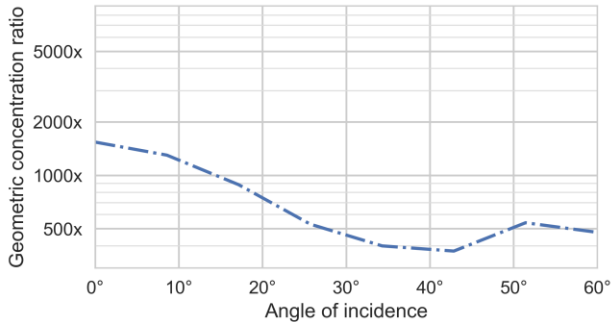
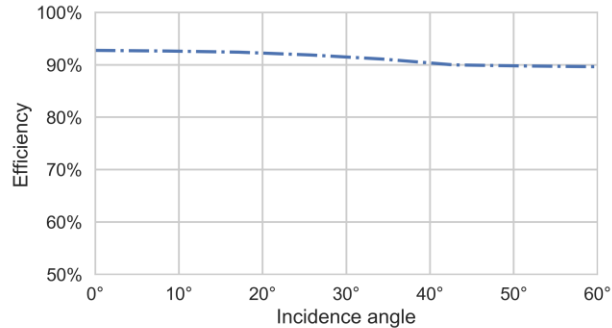
- Challenging optimization problem
 - Multi-objective
 - Non-linear
 - Non-convex
- Optimized using memetic algorithm
- Custom ray-tracer

$$\min f(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^m \left(w_1 \frac{1}{\eta_i(\mathbf{x})} + w_2 (r_i(\mathbf{x}))^2 \right)$$

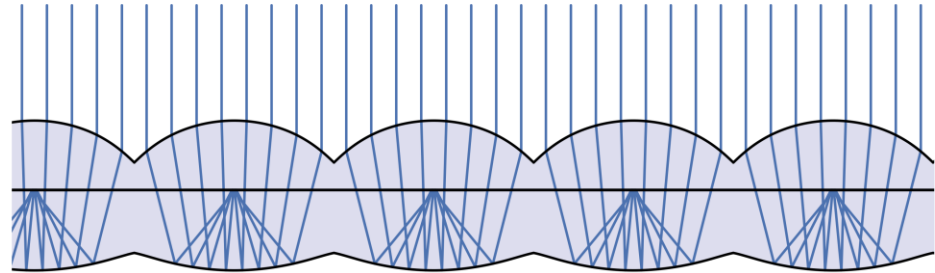
such that $g_j(\mathbf{x}) \leq 0$

w_1, w_2	Weights
\mathbf{x}	Parameters describing optical system
$\eta_i(\mathbf{x})$	Efficiency of concentrator at field number i
$r_i(\mathbf{x})$	RMS radius of rays in field number i relative to PV cell position
$g_j(\mathbf{x})$	Constraints for manufacturability

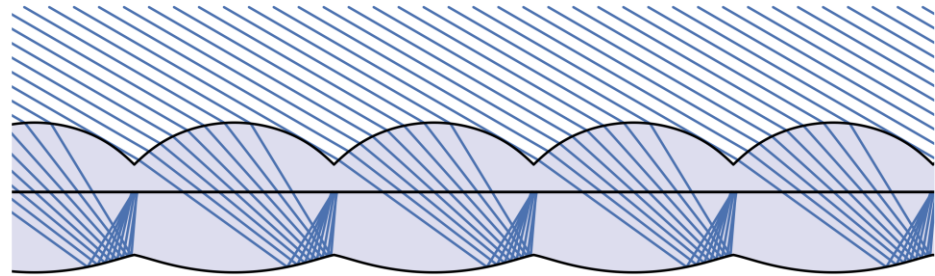
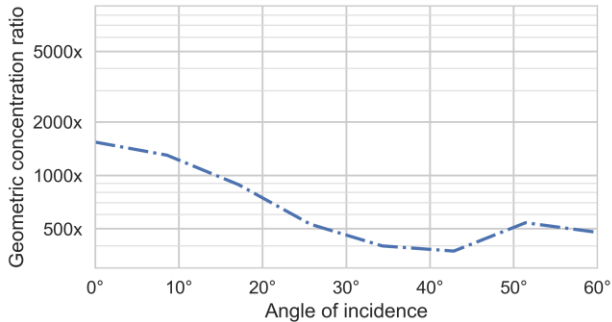
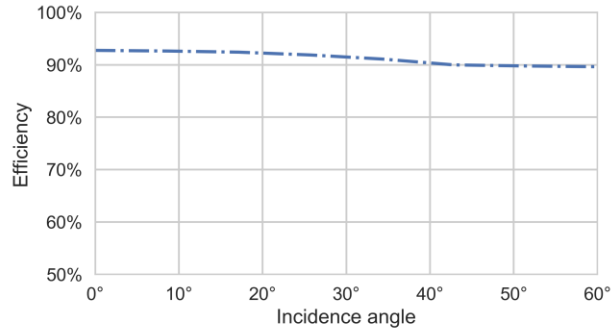
Results – Simple catadioptric



— · — Simple catadioptric

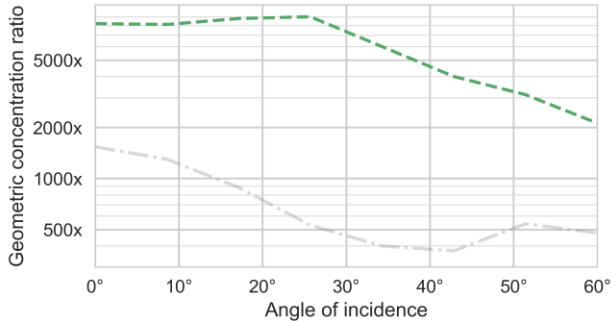
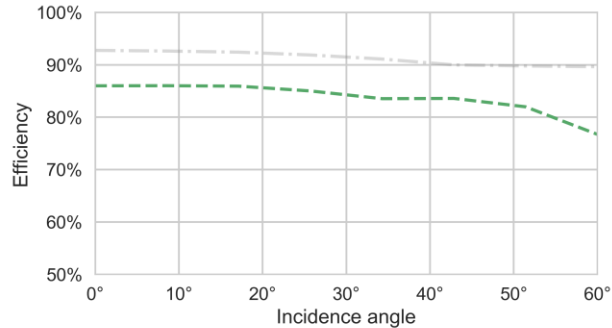


Results – Simple catadioptric

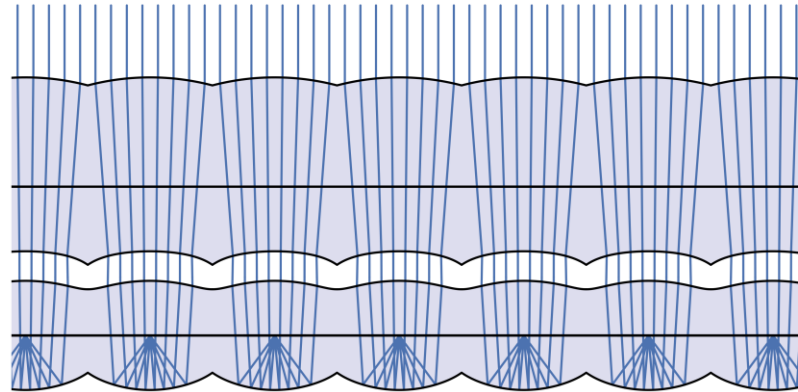


— · — Simple catadioptric

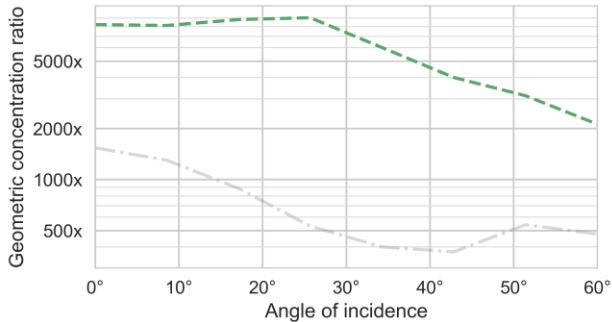
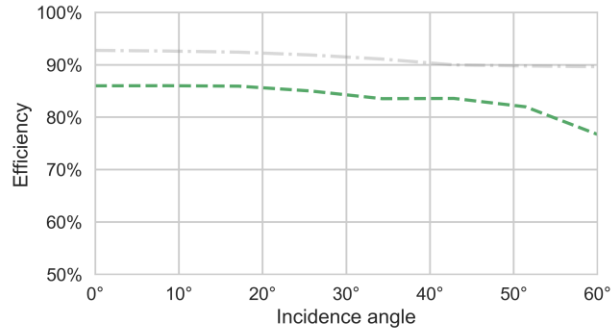
Results – Flat tracking trajectory



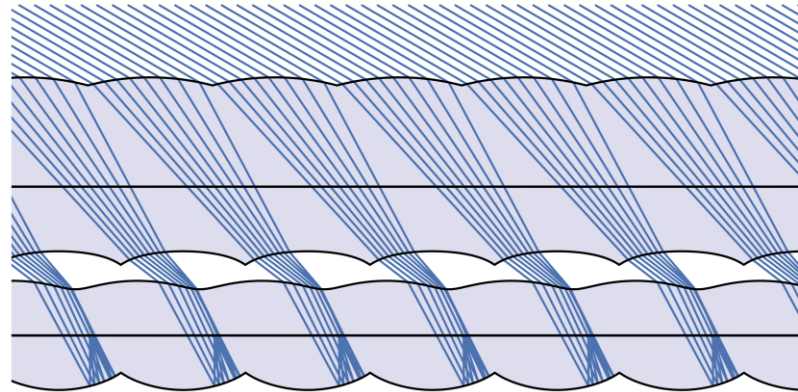
—·— Simple catadioptric -·- Flat tracking trajectory



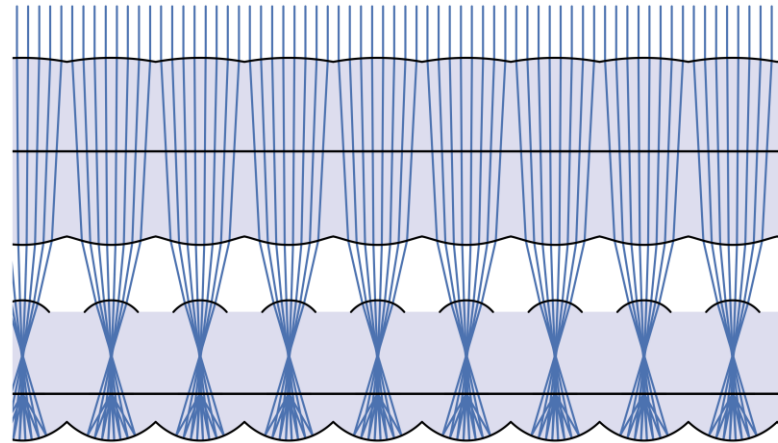
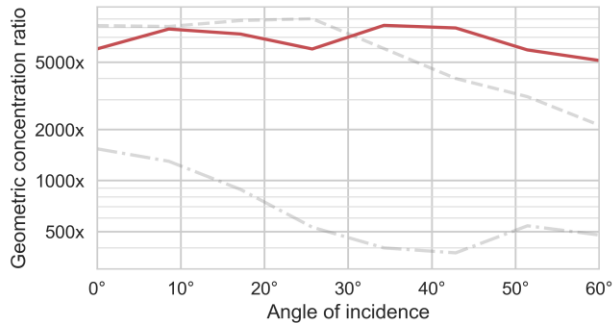
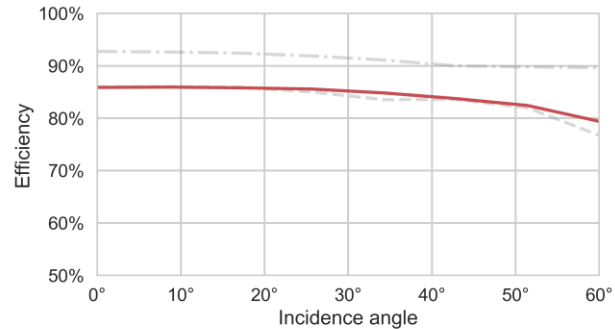
Results – Flat tracking trajectory



—·— Simple catadioptric - - - Flat tracking trajectory

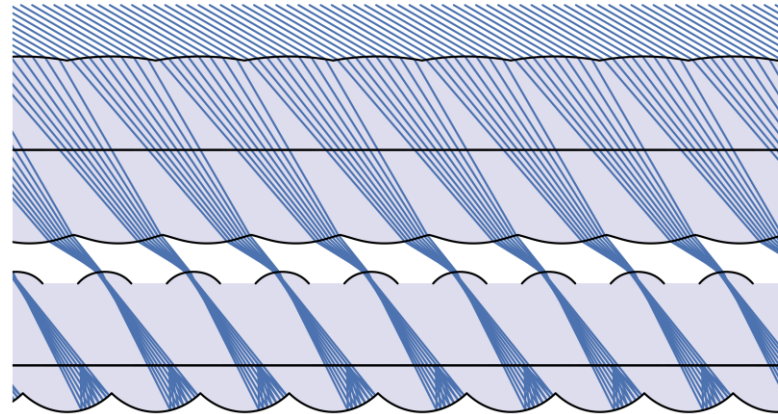
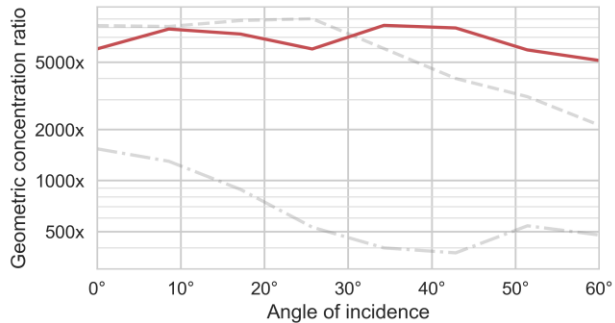
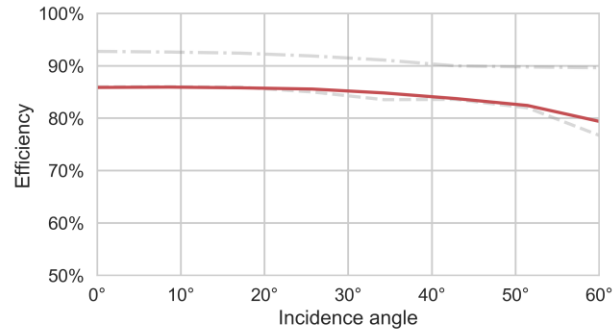


Results – Curved tracking trajectory



— · — Simple catadioptric - - - Flat tracking trajectory — Curved tracking trajectory

Results – Curved tracking trajectory



— · — Simple catadioptric - - - Flat tracking trajectory — Curved tracking trajectory

Why is the concentration ratio so high?

- Concentration inside dielectric
- Reflective lens array
- Low acceptance angle

Summary

- Tracking-integration is a promising way to improve flexibility of CPV.
- Tracking-integrated systems can be designed using numerical optimization.
- High-performance tracking-integrated CPV concepts are possible.

Questions, or interested in collaboration?

Talk to me afterwards, or e-mail me:

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